

# INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BOMBAY MATERIALS MANAGEMENT DIVISION Powai, Mumbai 400076

### Purchase Requisition No. 1000011951 (SRM/RFX No. 6100000193)

Technical Specifications of Motorized Stages with Integrated Controllers

1. Linear motor stage, 110mm travel, built-in controller, analog linear encoder, integrated IO Purpose : Fiber pulling

Quantity required : 2

Specifications : Linear translational stage

Accuracy - 1 um (or better) Travel range - 100 mm (or higher) Velocity achievable - 0.2 mm/s(or higher) Acceleration achievable - 1mm/s<sup>2</sup> (or higher) Built-in encoder with repeatability of 80 nm(or lower) Centered load - 100N(or higher) Built-in controller preferred

2. Linear motor stage, 0150 mm travel, built-in controller, analog linear encoder, with IO with Accessory kit

Purpose : Flame translation (bottom-most stage)

### **Quantity required :** 1

Specifications : Linear translational stage

Accuracy - 1.5 um(or better) Travel range - 100 mm (or higher) Velocity achievable - 4 mm/s(or higher) Acceleration achievable - 800 mm/s<sup>2</sup> (or higher) Centered load - 250N(or higher) Built-in controller preferred

3. Motorized stage, integrated encoder and controller, 200mm travel, fine resolution, with manual control

Purpose : Flame positioning Quantity required : 1 Specifications : Stepper motorized translational stage Accuracy - 50 um(or better) Travel range - 150 mm (or higher) Velocity achievable - 50mm/s(or higher) Centered load - 100N(or higher) Built-in controller preferred

- 4. Adaptor plate, bottom compatible with linear stage, anodized Quantity required : 2
- 5. Adaptor plates, top compatible with motorized stage, anodized Quantity required : 1
- 6. Data cable 2 feet

**Quantity required :** 1

7. Data cable 6 feet

Quantity required : 1

8. Data cable 2 feet, comms only and no power

## **Quantity required :** 1

#### NOTE :

- Mount compatibility between each of the stages is mandatory
- Interface and adapter cables to be included
- Power cords and supply needs to be compatible with Indian standard
- Power cords need to be portable with the Indian socket standards for 7A/15A
- Controlling software for all stages should be provided for Windows 7 or higher
- All the above mentioned stages are required to use a unique protocol that uses a command-reply model, such that:
  - → The user must initiate all communication by sending a device a command.
  - ➔ Unless explicitly disabled, a device always responds with one reply immediately after a command has been received
  - ➔ Unless explicitly enabled, a device never sends a message unless in response to a command
  - → The unique command protocol should be inclusive of the following:
    - 1. **Message type**: The message type for a command has to be a required field and always be the same, eg: '/'.
    - 2. **Device address**: The address indicates which device number should perform the command
    - 3. **Axis number**: The axis number indicates which axis within a device should perform the command

- 4. **Command**: The command message data contains the command information
- 5. **Command Parameters**: This message data contains command parameters and data. The contents need to be space-delimited and case-sensitive.
- 6. **Message checksum**: The message checksum causes a device to reject a message that has been corrupted during transmission.
- 7. Message Footer: The footer indicates end-of-message
- 8. **Message ID**: It causes responses (including reply and info responses) to the command to include the same message ID

The reply protocol should be inclusive of the following:

- 1. **Message type**: The message type for a reply should always be the same.
- 2. **Device address**: The device address contains the address of the device sending the reply and should always be formatted in a fixed number of digits.
- 3. Axis number: The axis number limits the scope of the reply
- 4. **Reply flag**: The reply flag indicates if the message was accepted or rejected
- 5. **Status**: The status contains different states when the axis is moving and otherwise
- 6. **Warning Flag**: The warning flag contains the highest priority warning currently active for the device or axis
- 7. **Message Checksum**: A reply checksum provides a method for error detection
- 8. Message Footer: Indicates the end of reply